UNITED PROJECTS COMPANY FOR AVIATION SERVICES K.S.C.P. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

30 JUNE 2018



Ernst & Young Al Aiban, Al Osaimi & Partners P.O. Box 74 18-20th Floor, Baitak Tower Ahmed Al Jaber Street Safat Square 13001, Kuwait Tel: +965 2 295 5000 Fax: +965 2 245 6419 kuwait@kw.ey.com ev.com/mena

REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF UNITED PROJECTS COMPANY FOR AVIATION SERVICES K.S.C.P.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position of United Project Company For Aviation Services K.S.C.P. (the "Parent Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") as at 30 June 2018, and the related interim condensed consolidated statement of income and interim condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the three months period and six months period then ended, and the interim condensed statement of changes in equity for the six months period then ended. The management of the Parent Company is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this interim condensed consolidated financial information in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard IAS 34: Interim Financial Reporting ("IAS 34"). Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim condensed consolidated financial information based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently, it does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34.

Emphasis of matter

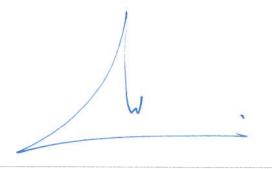
We draw attention to Note 4 to the interim condensed consolidated financial information, which describes the uncertainty relating to the management's ability to renew a BOT contract that may have an impact on a portion of the Group's operations in the future relating to this BOT contract. Our conclusion is not modified in respect of this matter.



REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF UNITED PROJECTS COMPANY FOR AVIATION SERVICES K.S.C.P. (continued)

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Furthermore, based on our review, the interim condensed consolidated financial information is in agreement with the books of account of the Parent Company. We further report that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, we have not become aware of any violations of the Companies Law No. 1 of 2016, as amended, and its executive regulations, as amended, or of the Parent Company's Memorandum of Incorporation and Articles of Association, as amended, during the six months period ended 30 June 2018 that might have had a material effect on the business of the Parent Company or on its financial position.



BADER A. AL ABDULJADER LICENCE NO. 207-A EY AL AIBAN, AL OSAIMI & PARTNERS

2 August 2018 Kuwait

United Projects Company For Aviation Services K.S.C.P. and its Subsidiaries INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME (UNAUDITED)

For the period ended 30 June 2018

		Three months ended 30 June		Six months ended 30 June		
	Notes	2018 KD	2017 KD	2018 KD	2017 KD	
Revenues Operating costs		3,467,827 (321,421)	3,460,294 (328,252)	7,095,166 (678,085)	6,939,080 (640,856)	
GROSS PROFIT		3,146,406	3,132,042	6,417,081	6,298,224	
General and administrative expenses Salaries and employee benefits Foreign currency loss Unrealized gain on financial asset at fair		(488,931) (273,917)	(411,151) (277,255) (98,361)	(952,468) (548,530)	(938,441) (544,845) (206,133)	
value through profit or loss Other income		374,808 79,939	23,489	170,626 119,930	50,947	
Profit before interest, taxation, depreciation and amortisation ("EBITDA") Depreciation		2,838,305 (19,523)	2,368,764 (18,810)	5,206,639 (38,953)	4,659,752 (32,203)	
Amortisation		(467,598)	(466,338)	(934,969)	(932,657)	
Profit before interest and taxation ("EBIT") Interest income Finance cost		2,351,184 803,798 (190,990)	1,883,616 507,562	4,232,717 1,422,808 (318,777)	3,694,892 982,599	
Profit before taxation Taxation	10	2,963,992 (116,051)	2,391,178 (100,299)	5,336,748 (229,518)	4,677,491 (201,349)	
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		2,847,941	2,290,879	5,107,230	4,476,142	
BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT						
COMPANY	3	22.32 fils	23.91 fils	39.90 fils	46.78 fils	
Attributable to: Equity holders of the Parent Company Non-controlling interests		2,833,317 14,624	2,275,900 14,979	5,064,586 42,644	4,452,290 23,852	
		2,847,941	2,290,879	5,107,230	4,476,142	

United Projects Company For Aviation Services K.S.C.P. and its Subsidiaries

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)

For the period ended 30 June 2018

		onths ended June	Six months ended 30 June		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	
	KD	KD	KD	KD	
Profit for the period	2,847,941	2,290,879	5,107,230	4,476,142	
Other comprehensive income: Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to interim condensed consolidated statement of income: Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income:					
- Effect of net changes in fair value	13,996	-	5,048	-	
Other comprehensive income for the period	13,996	_	5,048	-	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	2,861,937	2,290,879	5,112,278	4,476,142	
Attributable to: Equity holders of the Parent Company Non-controlling interests	2,847,313 14,624	2,275,900 14,979	5,069,634 42,644	4,452,290 23,852	
	2,861,937	2,290,879	5,112,278	4,476,142	

United Projects Company For Aviation Services K.S.C.P. and its Subsidiaries INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (UNAUDITED)

As at 30 June 2018

ASSETS	Notes	30 June 2018 KD	(Audited) 31 December 2017 KD	30 June 2017 KD
Non-current assets		0.40 (5)	202 500	303,659
Property and equipment	4	248,656	283,580	11,140,462
Intangible assets	4	9,373,618	10,224,312	
Financial assets available for sale		-	1,449,198	1,449,198
Financial assets at fair value through other				
comprehensive income	_	1,322,629	-	24 205 049
Loan to a related party	5	37,438,812	30,022,447	24,305,048
		48,383,715	41,979,537	37,198,367
Current assets			2 400 104	2.504.024
Accounts receivable and other assets		3,742,868	3,499,184	3,504,934
Cash and cash equivalents		15,823,831	7,679,086	7,989,344
		19,566,699	11,178,270	11,494,278
				48,692,645
TOTAL ASSETS		67,950,414	53,157,807	48,092,043
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
Equity				
Share capital	8	13,175,000	10,000,000	10,000,000
Share premium	8	27,327,500	10,500,000	10,500,000
Statutory reserve		5,000,000	5,000,000	4,125,000
Treasury shares	6	(1,544,594)	(1,544,594)	(1,544,594)
Other reserve		(260,978)	(260,978)	(260,978)
Foreign currency translation reserve			(333,914)	-
Cumulative change in fair value		(126,569)	-	-
Retained earnings		4,091,545	15,480,385	11,163,205
Retained cannings				
Equity attributable to holders of the Parent				
Company		47,661,904	38,840,899	33,982,633
Non-controlling interests		2,166,414	2,123,770	2,484,092
_		49,828,318	40,964,669	36,466,725
Total equity		47,020,510		
Liabilities				
Non-current liabilities				
Loans and borrowings	7	5,900,000	-	-
Accounts payable and other liabilities		4,484,710	4,774,891	3,916,116
Employees' end of service benefits		434,613	399,990	339,913
		10,819,323	5,174,881	4,256,029
			-	
Current liability		7 202 772	7,018,257	7,969,891
Accounts payable and other liabilities		7,302,773		
Total liabilities		18,122,096	12,193,138	12,225,920
TOTAL FOURTY AND LIABILITIES		67,950,414	53,157,807	48,692,645
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			,,	

Tarek Ibrahim Mohammad Al Mousa Chairman Nadia Abdullah Mohammad Akil CEO & Vice Chairperson

The attached notes 1 to 12 form part of this interim condensed consolidated financial information.



United Projects Company For Aviation Services K.S.C.P. and its Subsidiaries INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

For the period ended 30 June 2018

	Notes	Six months ended 30 June		
	-	2018 KD	2017 KD	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit for the period before taxation		5,336,748	4,677,491	
Adjustments for: Depreciation and amortisation Provision for employees' end of service benefits Interest income Foreign currency loss		973,922 40,823 (1,422,808)	964,860 36,097 (982,599) 206,133	
Unrealized gain on financial asset at fair value through profit or loss Provision for doubtful debt Finance cost		(170,626) 107,216 318,777	-	
		5,184,052	4,901,982	
Working capital changes: Accounts receivable and other assets* Accounts payable and other liabilities		(1,156,184) (177,069)	(803,388) 530,107	
Cash flows from operations Employees' end of service benefits paid		3,850,799 (6,200)	4,628,701 (745)	
Net cash flows from operating activities		3,844,599	4,627,956	
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of property and equipment Additions to intangible assets Proceeds from maturity of financial assets available for sale Loan to a related party Interest income received		(4,029) (84,275) - (5,925,756) 146,606	(55,025) (1,325) 1,300,000 (3,242,993) 53,697	
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(5,867,454)	(1,945,646)	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Issue of share capital Proceeds from loans and borrowings Dividends paid Finance cost paid	8 7 8	20,002,500 5,900,000 (15,358,009) (376,891)	- - - -	
Net cash flows from financing activities		10,167,600		
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		8,144,745	2,682,310	
Cash and cash equivalents as at 1 January		7,679,086	5,307,034	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT 30 JUNE		15,823,831	7,989,344	
*Non-Cash transactions: Impact of IFRS 9 - accounts receivables and other assets	2.2	805,284	-	

United Projects Company for Aviation Services K.S.C.P. and its Subsidiaries

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

For the period ended 30 June 2018

Attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company

Total KD	40,964,669	(893,120)	40,071,549	5,107,230	5,048	5,112,278 (15,358,009)	20,002,500	49,828,318	31,990,583	4,476,142	36,466,725
Non- controlling interests KD	2,123,770	đ	2,123,770	42,644	1	42,644	ı	2,166,414	2,460,240	23,852	2,484,092
Sub-total KD	38,840,899	(893,120)	37,947,779	5,064,586	5,048	5,069,634 (15,358,009)	20,002,500	47,661,904	29,530,343	4,452,290	33,982,633
Retained earnings KD	15,480,385	(1,095,417)	14,384,968	5,064,586	1	5,064,586 (15,358,009)	1	4,091,545	8,460,915	4,452,290 (1,750,000)	11,163,205
Cumulative change in fair value KD	1	(131,617)	(131,617)	1	5,048	5,048	1	(126,569)	1	1 1	
Foreign currency translation reserve KD	(333,914)	333,914	1	1	t ·	1 1	ı	1	ı		i
Other reserve KD	(260,978)	1	(260,978)	1	1	1 1	1	(260,978)	(260,978)	1 1	(260,978)
Treasury shares KD	(1,544,594)	1	(1,544,594)	1	ı	1 1	1	(1,544,594)	(1,544,594)	1 1	(1,544,594)
Statutory reserve KD	5,000,000	1	5,000,000	ı	t	1 (ı	5,000,000	4,125,000	1 1	4,125,000
Share premium KD	10,500,000	1	10,500,000	ı	ı	1 1	16,827,500	27,327,500	10,500,000	1 1	10,500,000
Share capital KD	10,000,000	1	10,000,000	ŀ	1	1 1	3,175,000	13,175,000	8,250,000	1,750,000	10,000,000
	As at 1 January 2018 Transition adjustment on	adoption of IFRS 9 at 1 January 2018 (Note 2)	As at 1 January 2018 (restated)	Profit for the period	Other comprehensive income for the period	Total comprehensive income for the period Dividends paid (Note 8)	Share capital increase (Note 8)	As at 30 June 2018	As at 1 January 2017	Total comprehensive income for the period Issue of bonus shares	As at 30 June 2017

The attached notes 1 to 12 form part of this interim condensed consolidated financial information.

As at and for the period ended 30 June 2018

1 CORPORATE INFORMATION

The interim condensed consolidated financial information of United Projects Company for Aviation Services K.S.C.P. (the "Parent Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the period ended 30 June 2018 were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 2 August 2018.

The Parent Company was established as a Kuwaiti Shareholding Company on 4 December 2000 and its registered address is Kuwait International Airport, P.O. Box 27068, Safat 13131, Kuwait. The main objectives of the Parent Company are:

- Providing airplane ground and cleaning services and supply of water and other airplane supplies;
- Leasing out airplanes;
- Tourism, travel and cargo shipment services;
- Managing projects;
- Investing surplus funds in investment portfolios managed by specialised institutions;
- The right to participate with other firms, which operate in the same field or those, which would assist in achieving its objectives in Kuwait or abroad, and to purchase those firms or participate in their equity.
- Management and development of real estate activities including real estate consultancy services;
- General trading of construction materials, equipment and real estate;
- To own, lease and rent out land and real estate properties;
- Sharing in executing the infrastructure for the housing, trading and industrial projects and manage real estate facilities under BOT regulations.

The Parent Company is listed on the Kuwait Stock Exchange and is a subsidiary of Agility Public Warehousing Company K.S.C.P. ("Ultimate Parent Company"), which is also listed on the Kuwait Stock Exchange.

During the period, on 21 February 2018, the Parent Company has incorporated a new subsidiary in State of Kuwait, namely, UPAC Real Estate Company K.S.C.C., with capital of KD 3,250,000 and ownership of 96% engaged in the purchase, sale, and management of real estate properties.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

The interim condensed consolidated financial information of the Group has been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting".

The interim condensed consolidated financial information does not contain all information and disclosures required for full consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS, and should be read in conjunction with the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included in the interim condensed consolidated financial information. Operating results for the interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending 31 December 2018.

The interim condensed consolidated financial information is presented in Kuwaiti Dinars ("KD") and is also the functional currency of the Parent Company.

2.2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies used in the preparation of this interim condensed consolidated financial information are consistent with those used in the preparation of the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017, except for the changes described below arising from the adoption of IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' and IFRS 15 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers' effective from 1 January 2018.

The Group has decided to adopt the policy of disclosing the items of other comprehensive income in a separate statement and accordingly presented the interim condensed consolidated statement of other comprehensive income for the period ended 30 June 2018.

United Projects Company For Aviation Services K.S.C.P. and its Subsidiaries

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

As at and for the period ended 30 June 2018

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The Group has adopted IFRS 15 Revenue from contracts with customers effective from 1 January 2018. This standard supersedes IAS 11 Construction Contracts and IAS 18 Revenue along with related IFRIC 13, IFRIC 15, IFRIC 18 and SIC 31. This standard removes inconsistencies and weaknesses in previous revenue recognition requirements, provides a more robust framework for addressing revenue issues and improves comparability of revenue recognition practices across entities, industries, jurisdictions and capital markets. The adoption of this standard does not result in any change in accounting policies of the Group and does not have any material effect on the Group's interim condensed consolidated financial information.

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

The Group has adopted IFRS 9 Financial Instruments effective from 1 January 2018. IFRS 9 sets out the requirements for recognising and measuring financial assets and financial liabilities, impairment of financial assets and hedge accounting. This standard replaces IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.

The key changes to the Group's accounting policies resulting from the adoption of IFRS 9 are summarised below:

Classification and Measurement of Financial assets

The Group classifies its financial assets upon initial recognition into the following categories:

- · Financial assets carried at amortised cost
- Financial assets carried at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI")
- Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss ("FVPL")

Financial assets carried at amortised cost:

A financial asset is carried at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions:

- It is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- Its contractual terms give rise, on specified dates, to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets carried at amortised cost are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective yield method. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in the consolidated statement of income. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in the consolidated statement of income.

a) Equity investments at FVOCI

Upon initial recognition, the Group makes an irrevocable election to classify some of its equity investments as equity investments at FVOCI if they meet the definition of equity under IAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation and are not held for trading. Such classification is determined on an instrument by instrument basis.

Equity investments at FVOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Changes in fair values including foreign exchange component are recognised in other comprehensive income and presented in the cumulative change in fair values as part of equity. Cumulative gains and losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are transferred to retained earnings on derecognition and are not recognised in the consolidated statement of income. Dividend income on equity investments at FVOCI are recognised in the consolidated statement of income unless they clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment in which case they are recognised in other comprehensive income. Equity investments at FVOCI are not subject to impairment assessment.

b) Financial asset carried at FVPL

Financial assets in this category are those assets which have been either designated by management upon initial recognition or are mandatorily required to be measured at fair value under IFRS 9. Management designates an instrument at FVPL that otherwise meet the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or at FVOCI only if it eliminates, or significantly reduces, an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise. Financial assets with contractual cash flows not representing solely payment of principal and interest are mandatorily required to be measured at FVPL.

As at and for the period ended 30 June 2018

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (continued)

Classification and Measurement of Financial assets (continued)

b) Financial assets carried at FVPL (continued)

Financial assets at FVPL are subsequently measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognised in the consolidated statement of income. Interest is recognised using the effective yield method. Dividend income from equity investments measured at FVPL is recognised in the consolidated statement of income when the right to the payment has been established.

Financial assets carried through FVPL includes loan to a related party.

Business model assessment

The Group determines its business model at the level that best reflects how it manages groups of financial assets to achieve its business objective. That is, whether the Group's objective is solely to collect the contractual cash flows from the assets or is to collect both the contractual cash flows and cash flows arising from the sale of assets. If neither of these is applicable (e.g. financial assets are held for trading purposes), then the financial assets are classified as part of 'Sell' business model. The Group's business model is not assessed on an instrument-by-instrument basis, but at a higher level of aggregated portfolios and is based on observable factors such as:

- How the performance of the business model and the financial assets held within that business model are evaluated and reported to the entity's key management personnel;
- -The risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and, in particular, the way those risks are managed;
- -How managers of the business are compensated (for example, whether the compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or on the contractual cash flows collected)

The expected frequency, value and timing of sales are also important aspects of the Group's assessment.

The business model assessment is based on reasonably expected scenarios without taking 'worst case' or 'stress case' scenarios into account. If cash flows after initial recognition are realised in a way that is different from the Group's original expectations, the Group does not change the classification of the remaining financial assets held in that business model, but incorporates such information when assessing newly originated or newly purchased financial assets going forward.

The SPPI test

The Group assesses whether the financial instruments' cash flows represent Solely Payments of Principal and Interest (the 'SPPI test').

Principal' for the purpose of this test is defined as the fair value of the financial asset at initial recognition that may change over the life of the financial asset (for example, if there are repayments of principal or amortisation of the premium/discount).

The most significant elements of profit within a lending arrangement are typically the consideration for the time value of money and credit risk. To make the SPPI assessment, the Group applies judgement and considers relevant factors such as the currency in which the financial asset is denominated, and the period for which the profit rate is set.

In contrast, contractual terms that introduce a more than de minimise exposure to risks or volatility in the contractual cash flows that are unrelated to a basic lending arrangement do not give rise to contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit on the amount outstanding. In such cases, the financial asset is required to be measured at FVPL.

The Group reclassifies when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes. The reclassification takes place from the start of the first reporting period following the change. Such changes are expected to be very infrequent.

As at and for the period ended 30 June 2018

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (continued)

Impact of Adopting IFRS 9

The impact of this change in accounting policy as at 1 January 2018 is as follows:

	Retained earnings	Cumulative change in fair value	Foreign currency translation reserve
Closing balance under IAS 39 (31 December 2017)	15,480,385	-	(333,914)
Impact on reclassification and re-measurements: Investment securities - equity from available-for-sale previously carried at cost to FVOCI Debt securities - debt from loan to a related party to FVPL	(290,133)	(131,617)	333,914
Impact on recognition of ECL on financial assets: ECL under IFRS 9 for financial assets – accounts receivables at amortised cost	(805,284)		
Opening balance under IFRS 9 on date of initial application of 1 January 2018	14,384,968	(131,617)	-

Classification of financial assets and financial liabilities on the date of initial application of IFRS 9. The following table shows reconciliation of original measurement categories and carrying value in accordance with IAS 39 and the new measurement categories under IFRS 9 for the Group's financial assets as at 1 January 2018.

	Original classification under IAS 39	New classification under IFRS 9	Original carrying amount under IAS 39 KD	Remeasurement KD	New carrying amount under IFRS 9 KD
Loan to a related party	Loans and receivables	Debt instruments at FVPL	30,022,447	43,781	30,066,228
Financial assets available for sale – equity securities	Financial assets available for sale	Equity instruments at FVOCI	1,449,198	(131,617)	1,317,581
Accounts receivables and other assets	Loans and receivables Loans and	Amortised cost Amortised	3,499,184	(805,284)	2,693,900
Cash and cash equivalents	receivable	cost	7,679,086	-	7,679,086
Total financial assets			42,649,915	(893,120)	41,756,795

The application of these policies resulted in the reclassifications set out in the table above. On adoption of IFRS 9, loan to a related party was reclassified out of the loans and receivables category to FVPL since the contractual cash flows of these securities are not solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding.

Expected credit losses (ECL)

The adoption of the ECL requirements of IFRS 9 resulted in increases in impairment allowances of the Group's debt financial assets. The increase in allowance resulted in adjustment to retained earnings amounting to KD 805,284 and an additional charge in the current period interim condensed consolidated statement of income amounting to 107,216.

As at and for the period ended 30 June 2018

3 BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic and diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing profit for the period attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period as follows:

	Three months ended 30 June		Six months ended 30 June	
-	2018 KD	2017 KD	2018 KD	2017 KD
Profit for the period attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company	2,833,317	2,275,900	5,064,586	4,452,290
	Shares	Shares	Shares	Shares
Weighted average number of paid up shares Less: Weighted average number of treasury	131,750,000	100,000,000	131,750,000	100,000,000
shares	(4,824,307)	(4,824,242)	(4,824,307)	(4,824,242)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period	126,925,693	95,175,758	126,925,693	95,175,758
Basic and diluted earnings per share	22.32 fils	23.91 fils	39.90 fils	46.78 fils

4 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Included in intangible assets is a fully amortised intangible asset (31 December 2017: KD Nil and 30 June 2017: KD Nil) that represents Built-Own-Transfer (BOT) project for the construction of Discovery Mall (the "Mall"). This Mall was built on a leasehold land from the Touristic Enterprise Company ("TEC") for an initial period of 10 years which was then extended by seven months to 28 January 2014. Since there were various delays in receiving the leasehold land from TEC, which resulted in an adverse effect on the investment term, the Parent Company requested to renew the contract for an additional period and has subsequently filed a compensation claim. However, TEC has filed a lawsuit requesting the Parent Company to withdraw from the Mall and deliver the Mall back. The First Instance court ruled in favor of TEC acknowledging the initial expiration of the contract. The Parent Company appealed the judgement which was subsequently transferred to a committee of experts to assess the overall damages and compensation. The Parent Company also submitted recourse before the Cassation Court, which ruled that the execution judgement should be suspended. The Parent Company is therefore still handling the management and operation of the Mall on the basis of the Cassation Court judgement and cannot assess when these proceedings will come to closure until a final ruling is made. Accordingly, revenue from the have been recognised by the Parent Company in statement of income because it is, in all cases, an exclusive right for which the Parent Company is entitled to, regardless of the outcome of the lawsuits filed by both parties.

Included in intangible assets is an amount of KD 4,610,954 (31 December 2017: KD 5,008,904 and 30 June 2017: KD 5,406,854) that represents the carrying value of Build-Own-Transfer (BOT) project for the construction of Sheikh Saa'd Terminal (the "terminal"). This was built on a leasehold land from the government of the State of Kuwait for 20 years which will expire on 2024. Since September 2013, the Civil Aviation Authority permitted Flydubai, one of the carriers to operate from the terminal. As a result of this, the management is confident that the carrying amount of the terminal is fully recoverable and no impairment is considered necessary.

Included in intangible assets is an amount of KD 4,762,664 (31 December 2017: KD 5,215,408 and 30 June 2017: KD 5,733,608) that represents the carrying value of Build-Own-Transfer (BOT) project for the construction of the car park and commercial complex of Kuwait International Airport. This was built on a leasehold land from the government of the State of Kuwait for 20 years which will expire on 2023. The management is confident that the carrying amount of the intangible asset is fully recoverable and no impairment is considered necessary.

As at and for the period ended 30 June 2018

5 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

These represents transactions with related parties, i.e. major shareholders, associate, directors and key management personnel of the Group, and entities controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by such parties. Pricing policies and terms of these transactions are approved by the Parent Company's management.

Transactions and balances with related parties are as follows:

Transactions and balances with relati	ed parties are as	10110 W3.		Six months ende	ed 30 June
		(Other related parties KD	2018 KD	2017 KD
Interim condensed consolidated state Revenues Operating costs General and administrative expenses Other income Interest income		:	11,424 (209,494) (9,761) - 1,276,202	11,424 (209,494) (9,761) - 1,276,202	8,219 (158,301) (18,733) 21,480 928,902
	Ultimate Parent Company KD	Other related parties KD	30 June 2018 KD	(Audited) 31 December 2017 KD	30 June 2017 KD
Interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position: Amounts due from a related party (included in accounts receivable and other assets) Amounts due to related parties	-	-	-	43,878	32,008
(included in accounts payable and other liabilities) Loan to a related party Financial assets available for sale Financial assets at fair value	(237,942)	(97,977) 37,438,812		(309,697) 30,022,447 1,449,198	272,926 24,305,048 1,449,198
through other comprehensive income	-	1,322,629	1,322,629	-	-

Amounts due from/to related parties are interest free and are receivable/payable on demand except for certain loan advanced to a related party.

Loan to a related party represents amounts advanced by a subsidiary of the Group towards the construction and development of a commercial mall in UAE ("Project"). This amount bears compounded annual interest rates as per the loan agreement and can be converted to equity in the Project on completion of construction subject to the Project achieving certain operational targets. The Group has contributed KD 1,449,198 (31 December 2017: KD 1,449,198 and 30 June 2017: KD 1,449,198) in the equity of the Project when the fair value as at 30 June 2018 amounted to KD 1,322,629. The Group's capital commitment in respect of uncalled capital in the project amounts to KD 5,117,364 as at the reporting date (31 December 2017: KD 5,097,830 and 30 June 2017: KD 5,121,522). After adopting IFRS 9 on January 2018, both the loan to related party and equity contribution have been reclassified as FVPL and FVOCI, respectively (Note 2.2).

Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of key management personnel during the period was as follows:

	Six months 30 Ju	
	2018 KD	2017 KD
Short-term benefits Employees' end of service benefits	100,465 9,409	52,321 3,872
	109,874	56,193

As at and for the period ended 30 June 2018

6 TREASURY SHARES

	30 June 2018	(Audited) 31 December 2017	30 June 2017
Number of treasury shares (shares)	4,824,307	4,824,307	4,824,242
Percentage of issued shares (%)	4%	5%	5%
Market value (KD)	2,798,098	2,822,220	4,105,430
Cost (KD)	1,544,594	1,544,594	1,544,594

Reserves equivalent to the cost of the treasury shares held are not available for distribution.

7 LOANS AND BORROWINGS

	(Audited)			
	30 June 2018 KD	31 December 2017 KD	30 June 2017 KD	
Gross amount	5,900,000	-	-	
	5,900,000	-	-	

During the year ended 31 December 2017, the Parent Company signed a loan agreement with a local bank for an amount of KD 50,100,000 to finance the construction, development of a commercial mall in UAE, the Project (Note 5), and for working capital requirements of the Parent Company. As at 30 June 2018, an amount of KD 5,900,000 has been withdrawn. This loan facility bears an average finance cost of 6% (31 December 2017: 0% and 30 June 2017: 0%) per annum and is repayable on 31 July 2019.

8 SHARE CAPITAL AND DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTION

The authorised share capital of the Parent Company is KD 38,250,000 comprises of 382,500,000 shares of 100 fils each. The increase in the authorised share capital was approved by the Extraordinary General Assembly meeting of the shareholders held on 29 September 2016. Issued and paid up share capital of the Parent Company as at 30 June 2018 is KD 13,175,000 comprises of 131,750,000 shares (31 December 2017: 100,000,000 shares) and 30 June 2017: 100,000,000 shares) of 100 fils each.

During the period, the Parent Company made a rights issue to its shareholders at KD 0.630 per share made up of KD 0.100 share capital and KD 0.530 share premium. A total of 31,750,000 shares were issued resulting in an increase in share capital by KD 3,175,000 and an increase in the share premium account by KD 16,827,500.

At the Annual General Assembly of the shareholders of the Parent Company held on 24 April 2018, the shareholders approved the distribution of cash dividends of 121 fils per share (2016: KD Nil) amounting to KD 15,358,009 for the year ended 31 December 2017 (2016: Nil) for shareholders registered on the appropriate regulatory approval date on 15 May 2018 which has been paid on 23 May 2018.

United Projects Company For Aviation Services K.S.C. (Closed) and its Subsidiaries

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

As at and for the period ended 30 June 2018

OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Group is organised in two operating segments: i) Investments: consists of investing surplus funds in investment portfolios. ii) Service operations: consists of managing projects and providing airplane ground and cleaning services and other service facilities.

Total	Six months ended Six months ended 30 June	2017 KD	7,972,626	(201,349) 4 476 142	050 100	964,860		30 June 2017 KD	48,692,645	12,225,920	
		2018 KD	8,808,530	5,336,748 (229,518) 5,107,230		9/3,922	Total	(Audited) 31 December 2017 KD	53,157,807	12,193,138	
			"	11 1	II.	 		30 June 2018 KD	67,950,414	18,122,096	
Services operations		2017 KD	6,990,027	3,901,189	0 7 7 0	964,860		30 June 2017 KD	16,507,880	2,225,920	
Services		2018 KD	7,385,722	4,232,717		915,922	Services operations	(Audited) 31 December 2017 KD	15,689,756	12,193,138 1.	
ents	Six months ended 30 June	2017 KD	982,599	776,302		1	Sei	30 June 2018 KD	14,089,415	18,122,096	
Investments		2018 KD	1,422,808	1,104,031		1		. 30 June 2017 KD	32,184,765		
			- 1	- 1			Investments	(Audited) 31 December 2017 KD	37,468,051	1	
								30 June 2018 KD	53,860,999	1	
			Interim condensed consolidated statement of income: Segment revenue	Segment profit Unallocated expenses Profit for the period		Depreciation and amortization			Interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position: Assets	Liabilities Canital exnenditure	

Capital expenditure represents addition to intangible assets.

United Projects Company For Aviation Services K.S.C.P. and its Subsidiaries

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

As at and for the period ended 30 June 2018

10 TAXATION

	Three months ended 30 June		Six months ended 30 June		
	2018 KD	2017 KD	2018 KD	2017 KD	
National labour support tax ("NLST") Contribution to Kuwait Foundation for the	62,850	55,145	125,639	108,843	
Advancement of Sciences ("KFAS") Zakat	26,764 26,437	22,577 22,577	52,103 51,776	46,253 46,253	
Zanat					
	116,051	100,299	229,518	201,349	

11 CONTINGENCIES

As at 30 June 2018, the Group had contingent liabilities, amounting to KD 36,931,291 (31 December 2017: KD 307,290 and 30 June 2017: KD 2,455,772), in respect of bank guarantees arising in the ordinary course of business from which it is anticipated that no material liabilities will arise.

12 FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments comprise of financial assets and financial liabilities.

Financial assets consist of financial assets through other comprehensive income, accounts receivables and other assets, cash and cash equivalents and loan to a related party. Financial liabilities consist of loans and borrowings, accounts payables and other liabilities excluding rent received in advance. The management assesses that the carrying amount of financial instruments is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

Loan to a related party and financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income are classified as Level 3 upon the implementation of IFRS 9 (Note 2.2).

The following table shows a reconciliation of the opening and closing amount of level 3 financial assets which are recorded at fair value.

	(Restated) As at 1 January 2018 (Note 2.2) KD	Profit recorded in the consolidated statement of income KD	purchases,	Income recognised in other comprehensive income KD	As at 30 June 2018 KD
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: Loan to a related party	30,066,228	170,626	7,201,958	-	37,438,812
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income					
Equities	1,317,581		_	5,048	1,322,629

The impact on the interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position or the interim condensed consolidated statement of income/comprehensive income would be immaterial if the relevant risk variables used to fair value the financial instruments were altered by 5%.